

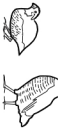






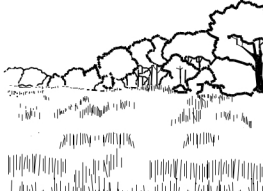





	January	<h1>Quail</h1> <p><i>Colinus virginianus</i></p> <p>Animalia > Chordata > Aves > Galliformes > Odontophoridae</p>		<p>aka Northern Bobwhite</p> <p>MDC Northern Bobwhite - mdc.mo.gov/discover-nature/field-guide/northern-bobwhite</p> <p>Cornell Ornithology Lab - www.allaboutbirds.org/guide/Northern_Bobwhite/id</p>
	February	<div data-bbox="558 365 1208 638" data-label="Image"> </div> <p data-bbox="566 646 1216 722">From fall to spring, Northern Bobwhite Quail gather in coveys of 5-30 birds. In the spring, females and males pair up to raise up to three clutches of baby birds. There may be 12-16 eggs per clutch.</p> <div data-bbox="277 793 1313 1598" data-label="Image"> <p data-bbox="980 1478 1037 1562">Jan Weaver</p> </div>		<p>Coloring Guide</p> <p>females are reddish brown speckled with black, with tan streaks above and below the eye and a small black cap</p> <p>males are similar but with white and black on the head</p>
	March			<p>Size</p> <p>adults stand 15-18 cm (6-7") tall and are 25 cm (10") from beak tip to tail tip</p> <p>eggs are 3.5 - 5 cm (1.5-2") long</p>
	April			<p>Human Connection</p> <p>Quail is a popular game bird and is Missouri's state game bird. However, numbers have gone down as grasslands and woods have been converted to agricultural fields.</p>
	May			<p>What eats Quail</p> <p>Adults - hawks, owls, wolves, coyotes, foxes, bobcats, humans and feral cats</p> <p>Eggs and young - snakes, skunks, raccoons, rats, and crows</p>
	June			<p>North American Distribution</p> 
	July			<p>Missouri Distribution</p> 
	August			<p>Habitat (home/food/water)</p> <p>edges - combinations of grassy fields, shrubs, hedges and woodland</p> 
	September			<p>Home</p> <p>nests in dense grasses, under shrubs or in hedgerows</p> 
	October			<p>What Quail eat</p> <p>grass seeds, ragweed seeds, beaggs ticks, partridge pea, wild lespedeza, blackberries, wild grape, greens in spring, acorns and pine seeds in winter, young eat insects</p>
	November			
	December			